

The use of iPSC-derived cells (& primary cells) as *in vitro* models for toxicity screening

15th March 2016 SOT New Orleans Booth #419



Drug Discovery & Development " A long, risky road"

Need for early toxicity testing and improved prediction





Overview



iPSC-Derived Neural Stem Cells

Neurotoxicity in drug safety testing

<u>Functional Integrity</u> Gene Expression, Electrophysiology, Multi-Electrode Array, Effects of developmental neurotoxin



iPSC-Derived Cardiomyocytes

Cardiotoxicity in drug safety testing

Functional Integrity

Express major cardiac-selective markers Beat spontaneously in culture, Ca2+ imaging

Electrophysiology Pharmacology

Hepatocytes

Hepatotoxicity in drug safety testing

Metabolism studies, Hepatotoxicity studies, Genotoxicity micronucleus studies





iPSC-Derived Neural Cells

The way forward for more predictive toxicity testing



Neurotoxicity in Drug Safety Testing



Functional Integrity

Gene Expression Protein Expression Electrophysiology Multi-Electrode Array Whole Cell Patch

Disease Modeling

Responsive to drug treatments Expression diseaserelevant phenotypes Patch clamp

Gene expression

Biochemical analysis

Multi-Electrode Array

> Neurite outgrowth



General Characterization of NSCs

We confirmed expression of neural stem cell markers like SOX2, PAX6, Ki67 and ZO1





Characterization of Cortical Neurons

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Functional Characterization

We confirmed the functional integrity by looking into neural networks with increased neurite length and branching in cortical neurons



Essen Bioscience Ltd using the IncuCyte NeuroTrack platform





Voltage-gated K+ channels

Voltage-gated Na+ channels

10 pA

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0.1_§0

10

0

-10-

-20-

-30-

-40-

-50

charge density (pA/µF)

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49-63

(ephys)

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12.5 ms

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0

63-77

Rheobase/AP firing

50 mV

2 s

63-77

recordings with mEPSCs (%)

100-

40-

20-

105

100

95 ž

90

85

80

49-63

49-63

(ephys)

AP amplitude



Spontaneous activity

Data from our collaborators



Neurotoxin Effects on iPSC-Derived Neural Stem Cells



Data provided by Dr Kisby's lab by Michael Czulinski and Morgan Florek

iPSC-Derived Cortical Neurons as axolicity in-Vitro Models for Drug Screening





Alpha Med Scientific Inc 300 days culture on the MEA dish





iPSC-derived neural cells used to demonstrate LTP & LTD on an MEA platform

Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications 469 (2016) 856-862

294 days culture

on the MEA dish



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/ybbrc

Induction of long-term potentiation and depression phenomena in human induced pluripotent stem cell-derived cortical neurons

A. Odawara ^{a, c, 1}, H. Katoh ^{a, 1}, N. Matsuda ^b, I. Suzuki ^{a, b, *}

iPSC-Derived Neurons Show Potential for Synaptic Plasticity



Induction of long-term potentiation (LTP) and long-term depression (LTD) by high-frequency stimulation (HFS) (112 DIV)



iPSC-Derived Neurons Respond to Drug Application

iPSC-derived neurons in response to drug application:

- ★ Synapse agonists (Bicuculline & Kainin acid)
 - Increase in firing
 - No change over days in culture
- Synaptic antagonists (CNQX & AP5)
 - Inhibit firing
 - Decrease with days in culture (100 v 240)



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Induction of Epileptiform Activity & **axo** Effects of Anti-Epilepsy Drugs

- Induced epilepsy by adding PTZ (pentylentetrazole) (>1mM)
- Anti-epilepsy drugs, phenytoin & sodium valproate (VPA) were able to reverse the high frequency synchronized bursts evoked with PTZ

These results suggested that long-term electrophysiological measurements in iPSCderived neurons using a MEA system may be beneficial for **drug screening applications**





Neurotoxicity Summary

- iPSC-derived NSC
 - Express neural markers at gene & protein level
 - Excellent neurite outgrowth
 - Electrophysiologically functional
 - Capable of synaptic plasticity
- iPSC-derived NSCs are more sensitive to the developmental neurotoxin MAM & can replace routinely cell lines use for screening for neurotoxins
- Responsive to drug treatment
- Can be cultured long-term
- Physiologically relevant tool for drug discovery & toxicity studies



iPSC-Derived Cardiomyocytes

A way forward for more predictive toxicity testing

Cardiotoxicity in Drug Safety Testing **axo**



<u>Electrophysiology</u>

Contractility QT prolongation Na⁺ & Ca²⁺ channels Pharmacology Patch clamp

Impedance

Biochemical analysis

Functional Integrity

Ca²⁺ signaling Morphology Stress & toxic response markers Immunocytochemistry

Multi-electrode Array



- Benefits of a synchronously beating monolayer
 - React as a unit syncytium of cells, electrically coupled
- Robust & reproducible
- Large quantities available
- High purity
- Functional on xCelligence, for calcium imaging & for electrophysiology



iPSC-Derived Cardiomyocytes Showing Synchronized Beating



Benefits of a synchronously beating monolayer

- Electrically coupled
- Physiologically relevant to human heart •

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Functional iPSC-Derived Cardiomyocytes

Protein Expression





Human iPSC-CMs (hiPSC-CMs) express more cardiac troponin-T (cTnT) & α-Actinin than human skin fibdbl æts (hSFs)

hiPSC-CM

Data from Abigail Robertson from University of Manchester

hSF

0.0

hSF

hiPSC-CM

Signaling & Stress-Response



Data from Dr Christian Zuppinger

Telethonin (green) suggested signalling & stress-response functions is present iPSC-CMs with a pattern of sarcomeric striation observed in patched inside some cells. (All actin, red)

Ankyrin repeat domain 1 (ANKRD1) (green) could be used a marker of toxic stress, showed similar expression to telethonin (All Actin, red)



Methods, Tools & Recording Parameters • Patched 7



- Patched 7-14 days post seeding
 - Action potentials (AP) recorded from syncytial cells (field stimulation)
 - Perforated patch clamp (100 µg/ml gramicidin)
- Pharmacological tools:

Compound	lon channel
Carbachol	I _{KACh}
ттх	I _{Nav}
Mexiletine	I _{Nav}
Nifedipine	I _{Cav}
Verapamil	I _{Cav} & I _{Kr}
Dofetilide	I _{Kr}



AP Parameters



n = 32 control recordings

Cells paced at either 0.5 or 1Hz



Pure Population Ventricular Cardiomyocytes





• Negligible effect on AP parameters (n=8)

metrion

- Positive effect of carbachol observed with atrial-derived HL-1 cells
- Suggests majority of cells do not display an atrial phenotype

Ventricular myosin light chain (87%) and atrial myosin light chain (13%)

(Does not include nodal population)



TTX & Mexiletine (I_{Nav})





• Significantly prolonged the TTP

e

- Negligible effect on other AP parameters
- Similar effect observed with Mexiletine

Nifedipine (I_{Cav})





- Significantly reduced the peak voltage
- Significant shortening of APD20, APD50 & APD90



- Significant reduction to the peak voltage (all concentrations)
- Significant reduction in TTP(1µM)

metrion

Significant prolongation of APD20 & 50 (1µM) but not APD90

Dofetilide (I_{Kr})





- Significant prolongation to APD90
- Negligible effect on other AP parameters



Effect of Dofetilide on Calcium Imaging



Without treatment

Using Fluo-4 calcium dye to measure calcium transients



Data provided by Dr Frances Brook at Oxford University



iPSC-Derived Cardiomyocytes in **axol** 3D culture

Cardiosperoids are essential for successful co-culturing of iPSC-derived cardiomyocytes & endothelial cells



Dr Christian Zuppinger, University of Bern

In-Vitro Models for Cardiotoxicity Studies



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iPSC-derived cardiomyocytes responded to both compounds in a dose-dependent fashion & strongly indicates the clinical relevance of these cells & their utility for drug screening applications



Cardiotoxicity Summary

iPSC-derived cardiomyocytes (CMs) could be used in cardiotoxicity & cardiomyocyte pharmacology studies

- iPSC-derived CMs express definitive cardiac markers & form organized sarcomeres
- iPSC-derived CMs show synchronized beating as a monolayer culture at high confluency
- Electrophysiological measurement of APs, pharmacology consistent with expression of INav, ICav & IKr
- Functional on xCelligence & for calcium imaging



Hepatocytes

A way forward for more predictive toxicity testing

Hepatotoxicity in Drug Safety Testing



We need:

- Reliable genotoxicity testing, predictive hepatotoxicity screens
- Cells expressing adult hepatocyte markers & no fetal phenotype
- Large batch sizes from the same donor for consistency for toxicity and high-throughput screening

Human primary hepatocytes have much greater functionality than iPSC-derived hepatocytes

Assay-Ready Expanded (ARE) Hepatocytes



- Expanded hepatocytes that retain many characteristics of primary human hepatocytes
- Metabolically functional & express cytochrome P450 (CYP) enzymes





Cobblestone morphology

Comparison of the Phase I CYP enzyme activity between ARE Hepatocytes, ARE Hepatocytes (CYP2D6 Overexpressing) & HepaRG cells

Assay-Ready Expanded (ARE) Hepatocytes



(B) CYP2B6 inhibition by ticlopidine

Compound uptake studies

Inhibition Studies

150

(A) CYP1A2 inhibition by α-naphthoflavone



Expression of hepatic transporter genes in primary hepatocytes, ARE hepatocytes & HepG2 cells



Reproducible CYP induction & inhibition in a donor-specific manner by prototypical inducers/inhibitors

Assay-Ready Expanded (ARE) Hepatocytes

Genotoxicity studies

Hepatotoxicity studies

axol



Increasing cyclophosphamide concentration affects the percentage of cells with micronuclei (% MN) & cell viability

Sensitivity to hepatotoxic compounds



Assay-Ready Expanded (ARE) Liver Sinusoidal Endothelial Cells



ARE Liver Sinusoidal Endothelial Cells are primary liver endothelial cells that have been expanded *in-vitro*

3D cultures can be generated by co-culturing with ARE Hepatocytes



Low Density Lipoprotein (LDL) uptake in ARE Liver Sinusoidal Endothelial cells. LDL (green), DAPI (blue)



Hepatotoxicity Summary

- ARE Hepatocytes display a primary liver cell phenotype
- ARE Hepatocytes are metabolic competent cells expressing liver specific transporters and metabolizing enzymes
- Large batch sizes from the same donor for consistency for toxicity & high-throughput screening
- Sensitivity to hepatotoxic compounds & reliable genotoxicity testing
- ARE Hepatocytes can be co-cultured with liver sinusoidal endothelial cells



Conclusion

Our aim is to provide physiologically relevant *in-vitro* disease models for drug discovery & toxicity studies

Axol iPSC-derived NSC

Express neural markers at gene and protein level

Excellent neurite outgrowth

Electrophysiologically functional

Capable of synaptic plasticity

Axol iPSC-derived Cardiomyocytes

Expressing definitive cardiac markers and form organized sarcomeres Synchronous beating monolayers, electrophysiologically functional Functional on xCelligence & for calcium imaging

ARE Hepatocytes

Display a primary liver cell phenotype

Metabolic competent cells expressing liver specific transporters and metabolizing enzymes

Sensitivity to hepatotoxic compounds & reliable genotoxicity testing



Thank you! SOT Booth #419

your discovery stems from here

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> Or visit: www.axolbio.com